







ROUTES

Reducing Opportunities for Unlawful Transport of Endangered Species

Awareness for Cargo & Baggage Screeners

Airline/Airport name here Location and date of training here



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Role-specific Awareness for Cargo & Baggage Screeners

The role of a baggage or cargo screener is to identify and detect weapons, explosives or other dangerous devices, articles or substances which may be used to commit an act of unlawful interference.

However, screening for such items may also lead to the detection of other illegal activities such as wildlife trafficking.





ROUTES

Reducing Opportunities for the Unlawful Transport of Endangered Species

The USAID ROUTES Partnership aims to disrupt wildlife trafficking by reducing the use of legal transportation supply chains.

The Partnership is assisting the private sector to respond to the international poaching crisis by targeting how organized criminals move contraband from source to end-use markets.



Role-specific Awareness for Cargo and Baggage Screening Staff

Section 1: Wildlife Trade and Trafficking

Introduction to wildlife trade and trafficking



ROUTES video





AIRPORTS COUNCIL INTERNATIONAL

How Aviation Staff Can Help Stop the Illegal Wildlife Trade





Why is wildlife traded?

Timber Trade





Photograph by Gunawan Kartapranata, distributed under a CC-BY-SA 3.0 license

Traditional Medicine



Photograph by Ruou thuoc, distributed under a CC-BY-SA 3.0 license



Pet Trade





Trophies, decorations

© Renee Yee/TRAFFIC

Legal and illegal trade

Much of the trade in wildlife is legal, but a

significant proportion is not.

Illegal wildlife trade is one of the TOP 4 CRIMINAL MARKETS

- 1. Illicit Drugs: <u>\$354 billion/year</u>
- 2. Counterfeit Goods: <u>\$250 billion/year</u>
- 3. Human Trafficking: <u>\$32 billion/year</u>
- 4. Illegal Wildlife (incl. timber and fish): <u>\$26 billion/year</u>

Source: Transnational Crime in the Developing World. 2011. Global Financial Integrity



Laws and regulations

National laws

All countries have laws to protect some wild animals and plants.

International regulations

Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora



Agreement between more than 180 governments



Photograph by Rob from Cambridge, MA, distributed under a CC-



Photograph by Muhammad Mahdi Karim, distributed under a GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.2 © Wikipedia/SheilaLau

55 ELEPHANTS KILLED EVERY DAY

1 rhino killed every 7 hours

Photograph by Heather Lang



C0P17 Doc 68. Annex 5 (IUCN SSC)

20-000 AYEAR

otograph by Geir Kiste, distributed under a CC-BY-SA 3.0 license

Critically endangered



Just a few of the many species which are threatened by wildlife trafficking

NOT	DATA DEFICIENT	LEAST	NEAR THREATENED	VULNERABLE	ENDANGERED	<pre>CRITICALLY ENDANGERED></pre>	EXTINCT IN THE WILD	EXTINCT
NE	DD	LC	NT	VU	EN	CR	EW	EX

ILLEGAL WILDLIFE TRADE CAN ALSO LEAD TO

Threats to National Security and Stability

Loss of Tourism and Income

Risks to the Environmental & Global Health

Support for corruption and organized crime

Undeclared Revenue and Taxes with loss of money for governments

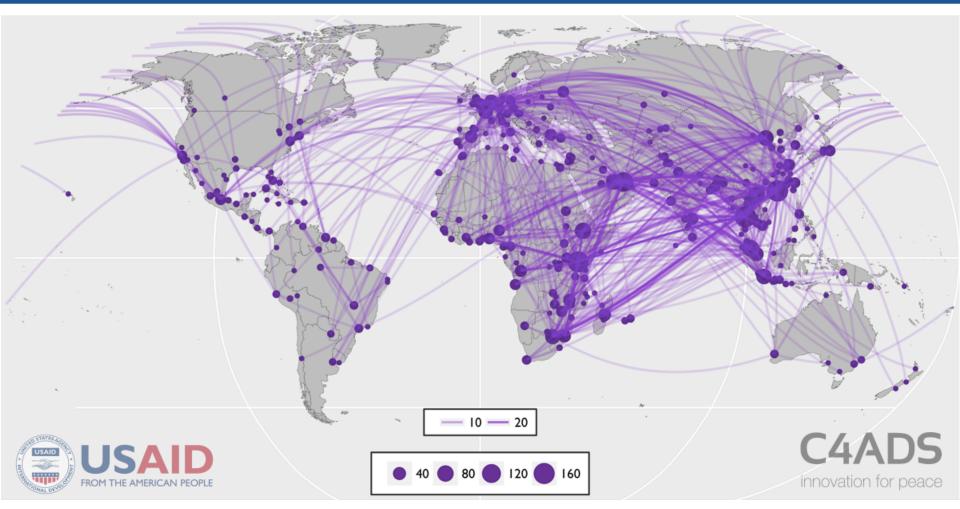


Potential risks to aviation from wildlife trafficking





Known air trafficking routes 2009 – 2017



Utermohlen, M. and Baine, P. In Plane Sight: Wildlife Trafficking in the Air Transport Sector. C4ADS and Reducing Opportunities for Unlawful Transport of Endangered Species (ROUTES). August 2018.



Global hotspots



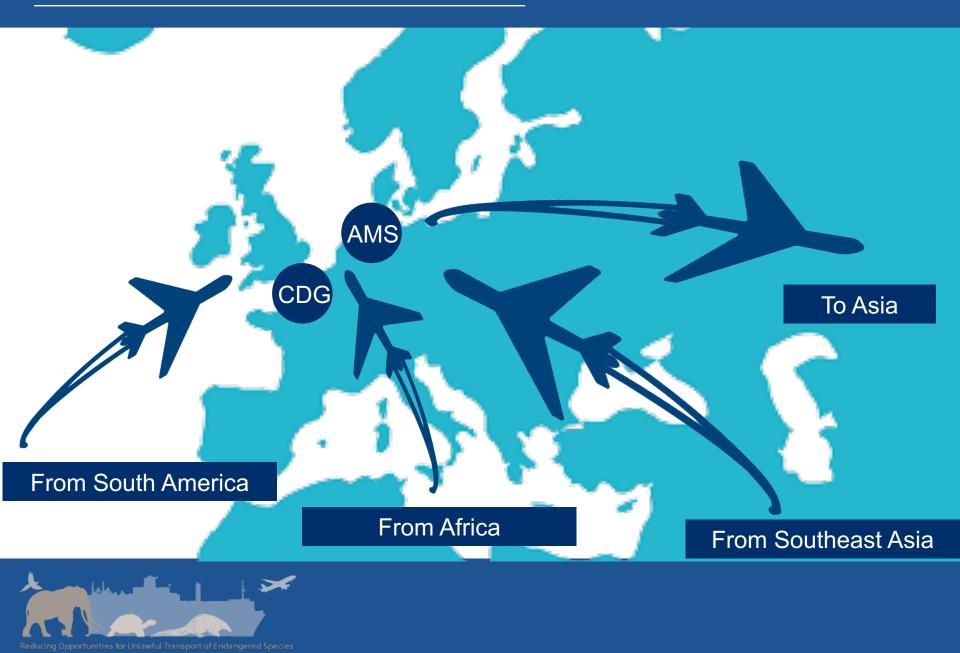


Common routes – Africa to Asia





Common routes – Europe



Common routes – Asia Pacific





Common routes – The Americas

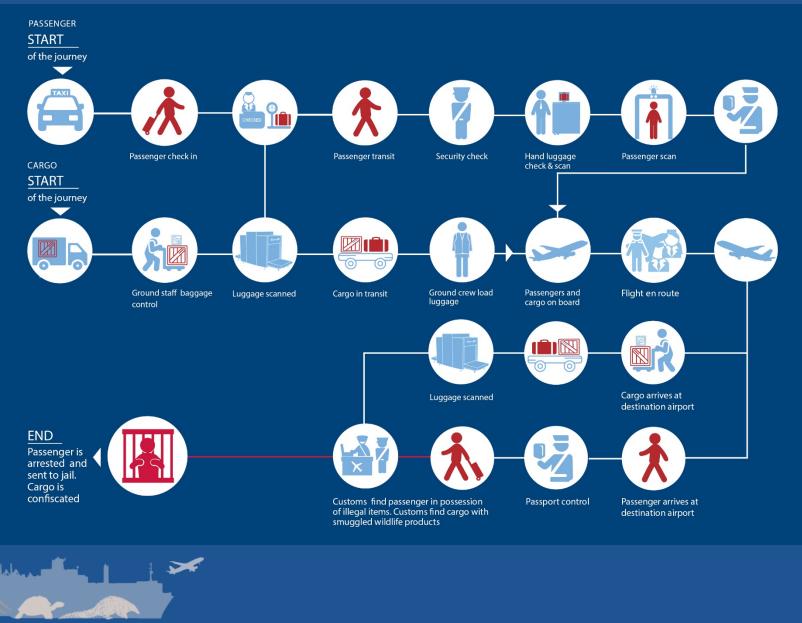




Key ways wildlife is trafficked by air:



Trail of the Trafficker



educing Opportunities for Unlawful Transport of Endangered Speci

Role-specific Awareness for Cargo and Baggage Screening Staff

Section 2: Indicators of Wildlife Trafficking

What you might see

Note: The role of a cargo/baggage screener is to identify and detect weapons, explosives or other dangerous devices, articles or substances which may be used to commit an act of unlawful interference.

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Indicators of wildlife trafficking

During X-ray inspection:

• Scan shows organic items as well as shapes/items which could indicate illegal wildlife.

During a physical inspection or examination:



• Air holes present on items which have not been declared as containing live animals



• Origin of declared goods seem unlikely



Unusual route and multiple connections

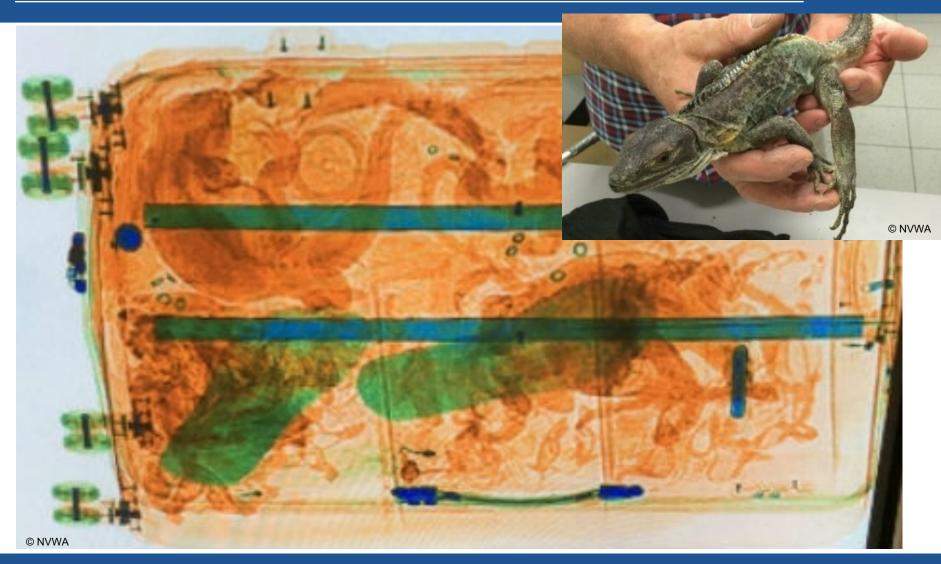


Wildlife smuggling – In checked baggage





Wildlife smuggling – In checked baggage





Wildlife smuggling – In post



© Australian Customs Service



Wildlife smuggling – In cargo



One airport, multiple wildlife seizures in just a few weeks

Date	Wildlife found	Declared as
7 April 2017	18 rhino horns	Artwork
1 May 2017	408kg pangolin scales	General products
3 May 2017	304kg pangolin scales	Dry herbs
14 May 2017	330 Madagascan tortoises	Stones
9 June 2017	288kg pangolin scales	Oyster shells
16 June 2017	393kg pangolin scales	Oyster shells

All these cargo consignments were misdeclared <u>and</u> listed fake addresses



Fake or inaccurate documentation

Rhino horns declared as "artwork"



© TRAFFIC



Role-specific Awareness for Cargo and Baggage Screening Staff

Section 3: What you should do

What action should you take?

Note: The role of a cargo/baggage screener is to identify and detect weapons, explosives or other dangerous devices, articles or substances which may be used to commit an act of unlawful interference.

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1st Response

- Report to the police and/or the regulatory authority via your locally approved reporting procedures
- Do not take unnecessary risks
- Do not handle any wildlife unless necessary or safe to do so (use protective equipment)

If you find live animals:

- If already contained leave until experts arrive
- If not contained
 - Lock in a room or container if possible
 - Observe and do not let anyone access the area



Protect yourself



- Rabies
- Ebola
- SARS
- MERS
- Tuberculosis
- Anthrax
- Plague
- Salmonellosis



- Lyme disease
- Monkeypox
- Hantavirus
- West Nile Virus
- Tularemia
- Avian influenza
- Brucellosis





Goggles

Mask





Rubber boots

Gloves

Don't handle smuggled wildlife



Report and wait for the experts!







Report wildlife crime



REPORT suspected wildlife trafficking to the police and/or the regulatory authority via your locally approved reporting procedures.

Insert appropriate contact number/s here



Tip offs work

Record seizure

18 rhino horns

PHYS ORG	Nanotechnology \sim	Physics ~	Earth ∨	Astronomy & Space ∨	Technology \sim	Chemistry ~
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Users a Distance Fasters a b						

S.Africa arrests two Vietnamese with record 41kg of rhino horns



South African authorities stop plane after tip off from airport staff

Notorious smuggler

14 Peregrine Falcon eggs



Suspicious passenger activity led to tip off at Birmingham Airport, UK



Corruption enables wildlife trafficking



Follow your company's standard reporting procedures/whistle blowing policy to report your suspicions.



Wildlife trafficking thrives in corrupt environments

Thailand customs make new three-tonne ivory seizure

Posted 27 Apr 2015, 5:07pm



PHOTO: Thai customs officers inspect confiscated elephant tusks during a press conference at the Customs Bureau in Bangkok. (AFP: Pornchal Kittiwonosakul)

- Tanzania to Asia 6 tonnes of pangolin scales
- Democratic Republic of Congo via Malaysia to Thailand – 2.1 tonnes ivory
- Democratic Republic of Congo to Viet Nam – 1.5 tonnes ivory

Investigations led to the arrests of 11 people including government officials and shipping company executives in the Democratic Republic of Congo



If you see anything suspicious – <u>REPORT IT</u>

For further information:

https://routespartnership.org





THANK YOU

